#### City of Takoma Park, MD

General Fund Financial Sustainability Analysis

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### Agenda

- Section 1: Planning for Financial Sustainability
- Section 2: Financial Sustainability Modeling
- Section 3: Review of Your Interactive Financial Sustainability Model
- Q&A

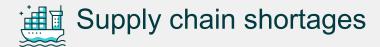
# Section 1: Planning for Financial Sustainability



#### Introduction

- The General Fund must generate sufficient revenues each year to be financially sustainable.
- However, today there is a great deal of uncertainty in the US and world economies as we are experiencing...





Local government funding limitations

In this presentation we will:

- Review your financial forecast in our interactive model that allows us to...
  - Prepare a ten-year forecast of your status quo, and to
  - Evaluate alternative assumptions regarding key factors such as cost escalation factors, growth, tax rates, etc.
- We will help you understand your choices, and their consequences, and how to develop strategies to result in a long-term financially sustainable plan.

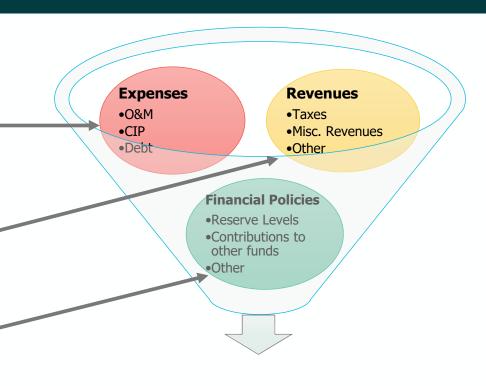
#### General Fund Financial Planning

- The General Fund must run like a self-supporting business.
- Financial Sustainability Forecasting...
  - Is a cash-based analysis, all revenues and costs included in the analysis are cash,
  - It overlays your annual budgeting process with a long-term vision as to the consequences of current budget decisions

Objective: Provide the level of service that your community expects while ensuring that your General Fund is financially sustainable into the future

#### Developing a Financial Plan

- Cost increases are primarily driven by staffing needs, inflationary cost increases, and capital project costs
- Revenues are based on taxes, and other revenues of the General Fund
- Financial policies help guide the balancing process



Multi-year Financial Plan

#### What is Financial Sustainability

- The primary measure of financial sustainability is unassigned fund balance,
- If cash-out exceeds cash-in (deficit spending) the deficit must come from unassigned fund balance,
- As long as the unassigned fund balance is high enough, the cash flow deficit can be funded, but it
  will decrease the fund balance by the amount of the deficit spending,
- However, if the deficit spending continues, the unassigned fund balance may ultimately fall below your minimum fund balance target and could be depleted completely if the cumulative annual deficit spending is large enough.
  - This projected condition will require actions to ensure that the fund balance is kept at the minimum target level,
- In the financial sustainability model that we will review with you today we will identify such trends and evaluate actions that can be taken to ensure that unassigned fund balance is at, or above, the minimum fund balance target throughout the ten-year projection period.

# Section 2: Financial Sustainability Modeling



#### Modeling to Plan for Financial Sustainability

## Using the interactive modeling tool and evaluation process that you will see today makes this a valuable process to...

- Provide transparency with stakeholders,
- Paint the full picture of your General Fund's financial situation over a ten-year forecast period,
- Evaluate potential changes to your current situation such as staffing needs, capital projects, regulatory compliance, etc.,
- Identify needed annual tax rate adjustments,
- Gain employee and constituent acceptance of the financial sustainability plan, and
- Obtain the approval of you, the City's governing body.



### Section 3:

## Review of Your Interactive Financial Sustainability Model



#### Financial Sustainability Modeling Demonstration

- What is included and what is excluded from the model
  - Included:
    - General Fund
    - Equipment Reserve Fund
      - Contributions from the General Fund:
        - FY24 = \$550,000
        - FY25 FY33 = \$600,000 per year
  - Not Included:
    - Facility Maintenance Reserve No scheduled contributions for the General Fund
    - Debt Proceeds on Hand Any Excess Capital Needs will be Funded from ARPA funds
    - Self contained funds with no regular interaction with General Fund:
      - Federal ARPA Fund
      - Speed Camera Fund
      - Special Revenue Fund
      - Stormwater Fund

#### Financial Sustainability Modeling Demonstration

- Major Assumptions in the model (all assumptions can be adjusted during our interactive review of the model later in this presentation):
  - Growth Source: Maryland Department of Assessment and Taxation, FY25 FY33 Estimates

FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	FY33
4.10%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%
Operation	a 9 Mainta	nonce Evn	onoo (O0/ N	1) Facalati	on Doto	Source: Es	timataa in l	ight of our	ont

Operation & Maintenance Expense (O%M) Escalation Rate - Source: Estimates in light of current inflation, decreasing in out years assuming inflation will lessen. Execution assumption = 95% of Operating Budget

4.00% 4.00%	4.00%	3.50%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
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Unassigned Fund Balance Target - Source: 17% of revenue, City policy, \$3.0 million per year - City practice

practice											
17%	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%	
› of revenue, or											
\$3.000	\$3.000	\$3.000	\$3.000	\$3.000	\$3.000	\$3.000	\$3.000	\$3.000	\$3.000	\$3.000	

in millions (used in the baseline model)

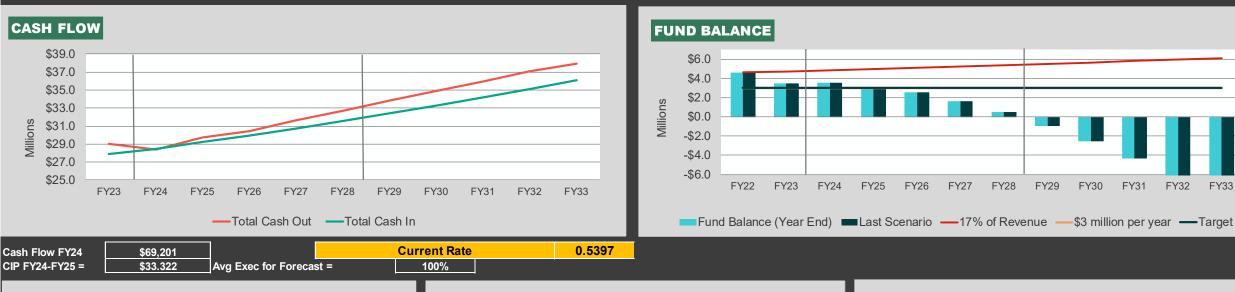
## Interactive Demonstration of the Modeling Process

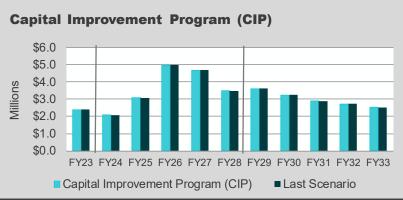


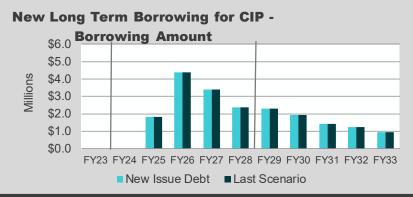
#### Scenario 1 – Status Quo

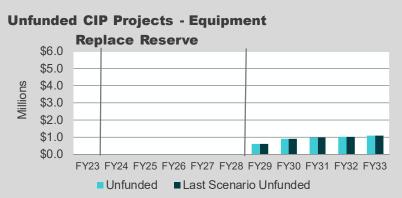
- Scenario 1 Status Quo
  - No change to current tax rate of 0.5397
  - Annual CIP execution over the forecast period = 100%
  - When Unassigned Fund Balance falls below target FY26
  - When Unassigned Fund Balance falls below zero FY29
  - When borrowing is first required to fund CIP FY25
  - > Total borrowing required over the forecast period \$19.737 million
  - > When the City's ERR fund has unfunded projects FY29 FY33 = \$4.601 million

#### Scenario 1 – Status Quo









FY30

FY31

**Blue Bars = Current Scenario and are dynamic** 

**Black Bars = Last Scenario and are static** 

#### Scenario 2 – Constant Yield Rate

- Scenario 2 Constant Yield Rate
  - Constant Yield rate of 0.5185 compared to current rate of 0.5397
  - Annual CIP execution over the forecast period = 100%
  - When Unassigned Fund Balance falls below target FY25
  - When Unassigned Fund Balance falls below zero FY27
  - > When borrowing is first required to fund CIP FY25
  - > Total borrowing required over the forecast period \$20.489 million
  - > When the City's ERR fund has unfunded projects FY29 FY33 = \$4.601 million

#### Scenario 2 – Constant Yield Rate



FY23 FY24 FY25 FY26 FY27 FY28 FY29 FY30 FY31 FY32 FY33

■ New Issue Debt
■ Last Scenario

\$2.0 \$1.0

\$0.0

**Blue Bars = Current Scenario and are dynamic** 

■ Last Scenario

Black Bars = Last Scenario and are static

\$2.0

\$1.0

\$0.0

FY23 FY24 FY25 FY26 FY27 FY28 FY29 FY30 FY31 FY32 FY33

■ Unfunded ■ Last Scenario Unfunded

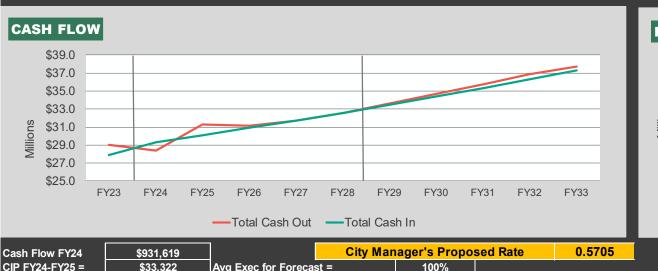
\$0.0

■ Capital Improvement Program (CIP)

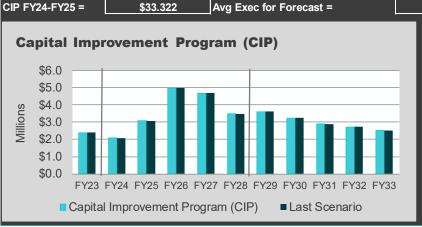
#### Scenario 3 – City Manager's Recommended Rate

- Scenario 3 City Manager's Recommended Rate
  - City Manager's Recommended rate of 0.5705 compared to current rate of 0.5397
  - Annual CIP execution over the forecast period = 100%
  - When Unassigned Fund Balance falls below target FY30
  - When Unassigned Fund Balance falls below zero Never
  - → When borrowing is first required to fund CIP FY26
  - > Total borrowing required over the forecast period \$16.539 million
  - → When the City's ERR fund has unfunded projects FY29 FY33 = \$4.601 million

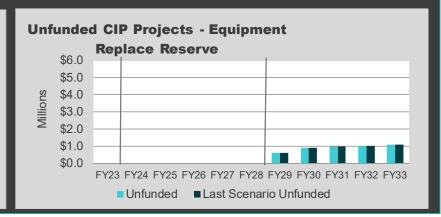
#### Scenario 3 – City Manager's Recommended Rate











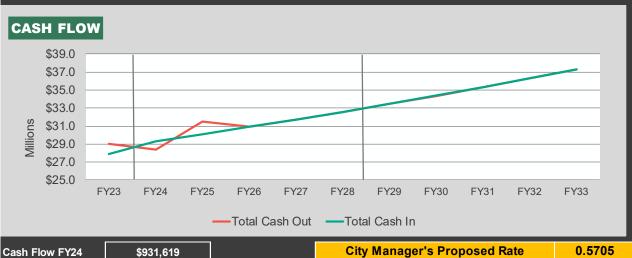
**Blue Bars = Current Scenario and are dynamic** 

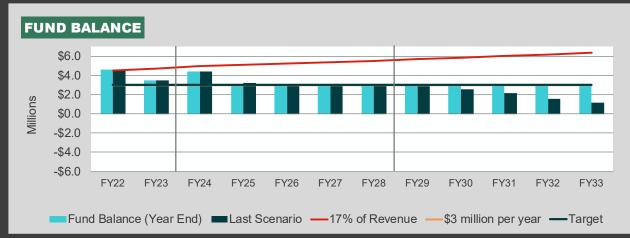
Black Bars = Last Scenario and are static

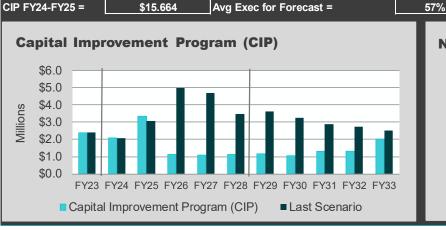
## Scenario 4 – City Manager's Recommended Rate with Reduced CIP to Avoid Borrowing

- Scenario 4 City Manager's Recommended Rate with Reduced CIP to Avoid Borrowing
  - > City Manager's Recommended rate of 0.5705 compared to current rate of 0.5397
  - Average annual CIP execution over the forecast period = 57%
  - When Unassigned Fund Balance falls below target Never
  - When Unassigned Fund Balance falls below zero Never
  - → When borrowing is first required to fund CIP Never
  - > Total borrowing required over the forecast period \$0.0 million
  - When the City's ERR fund has unfunded projects Never

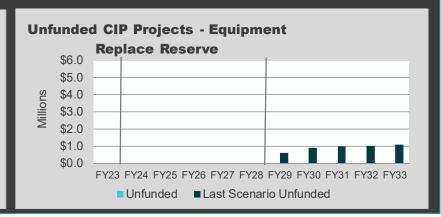
## Scenario 4 – City Manager's Recommended Rate with Reduced CIP to Avoid Borrowing











**Blue Bars = Current Scenario and are dynamic** 

Black Bars = Last Scenario and are static

#### **Side-by-Side Summary of Scenarios**

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	Status Quo	Constant Yield Rate	City Manager's Recommended Rate	City Manager's Recommended Rate with Reduced CIP to Avoid Borrowing
Tax Rate - FY24	0.5397	0.5183	0.5705	0.5705
Annual CIP execution over the forecast period	100%	100%	100%	57%
CIP amount funded over forecast period - millions	\$33.322	\$33.322	\$33.322	\$15.664
When Unassigned Fund Balance falls below target	FY26	FY25	FY30	Never
When Unassigned Fund Balance falls below zero	FY29	FY27	Never	Never
When borrowing is first required to fund CIP	FY25	FY25	FY26	Never
Total borrowing required over the forecast period - millions	\$19.737	\$20.489	\$16.539	\$0.000
When the City's ERR fund has unfunded projects	FY29 - FY33	FY29 - FY33	FY29 - FY33	Never
Amount of unfunded ERR projects - millions	\$4.601	\$4.601	\$4.601	\$0.000
Impact to Single Family Home:				ot
Taxable Property Value	\$450,000	\$450,000	\$450,000	\$450,000
Tax Rate in FY23	0.5397	0.5397	0.5397	0.5397
Tax Rate in FY24	0.5397	0.5183	0.5705	0.5705
Annual Property Tax in FY23	\$2,429	\$2,429	\$2,429	\$2,429
Annual Property Tax in FY24	\$2,429	\$2,332	\$2,567	\$2,567
Annual Increase	\$0	-\$97	\$138	\$138
Percent Annual Increase in Property Tax	0.0%	-4.0%	5.7%	5.7%
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## Thank you!

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